

## Sample Problems

1. Find the equation of the tangent line drawn to the graph of  $-3x^2 - 16xy - 2y^2 + 3y = 178$  at the point  $(-3, 5)$ .
2. Consider the relation determined by the equation  $xy^2 - 5x = 2(y^2 + x^2y - 16)$ . Find an equation for all tangent line(s) drawn to the graph of the relation at  $x = 3$ .
3. If  $y = f(x)$  is a function, we define the curvature as

$$C(x) = \frac{|y''|}{(1 + (y')^2)^{3/2}}$$

Prove that if  $f(x) = \sqrt{r^2 - x^2}$  where  $r > 0$ , then the curvature is constant on the interval  $(-r, r)$ .

## Practice Problems

1. Find the slope of the tangent line drawn to the graph of  $x^4 - y^4 = 2x^2y + 23$  to the point  $(2, -1)$ .
2. Find an equation for the tangent line drawn to the graph of  $x^3 + y^3 - 5y^2 = 6x^2 + 13x - 42$  at the point  $(-3, 5)$ .
3. Find an equation for all tangent lines drawn to the graph of  $2x^2 + y^2 = 5y - x$  at  $x = -2$ .
4. Find an equation of all tangent lines drawn to the curve  $x^2 - xy + y^2 = 16$  at  $x = 0$ .
5. Use implicit differentiation to compute  $y'$  in terms of  $x$  and  $y$ .

a)  $2x^2 + 4xy = 10$

f)  $x^2 + y^2 = \frac{1}{y}$

k)  $2^{x+y} = xy^3$

b)  $x^4 + y^4 = 20y$

g)  $\ln x + xy = -2y^3$

l)  $y + xy = \sqrt{xy - 2}$

c)  $x^3 + y^3 = 2xy$

h)  $x^4y - xy^4 = y$

m)  $\ln y = \sqrt{xy - 1}$

d)  $x^3 + y^3 = x^2 + y^2$

i)  $x^3 + y^3 = (x - y)^5$

n)  $e^{x^2y} = x + y^2$

e)  $\ln x - 2 + y^2 = y^5$

j)  $y^3 + y = \sqrt{x^2 - y^2}$

## Sample Problems - Answers

- 1.)  $y = 2x + 11$       2.)  $y = -5x + 32$     and  $y = -x + 2$       3.) see solutions

## Practice Problems - Answers

1. 10

2.  $-2(x + 3) = y - 5$

3.  $y = -7x - 12$  and  $y = 7x + 17$

4.  $y = \frac{1}{2}x + 4$  and  $y = \frac{1}{2}x - 4$

5. a)  $y' = -\frac{x+y}{x}$       b)  $y' = -\frac{x^3}{y^3-5}$       c)  $y' = \frac{3x^2-2y}{2x-3y^2}$       d)  $y' = \frac{-3x^2+2x}{3y^2-2y}$

e)  $y' = -\frac{1}{x(2y-5y^4)}$       f)  $y' = -\frac{2xy^2}{2y^3+1}$       g)  $y' = -\frac{1+xy}{x^2+6xy^2}$       h)  $y' = \frac{y^4-4x^3y}{x^4-4xy^3-1}$

i)  $y' = \frac{-3x^2+5(x-y)^4}{3y^2+5(x-y)^4}$       j)  $y' = \frac{x}{y+(y+y^3)(3y^2+1)}$       k)  $y' = \frac{y^3-(\ln 2)2^{x+y}}{-3xy^2+(\ln 2)2^{x+y}}$

l)  $y' = \frac{y-2y\sqrt{xy-2}}{2\sqrt{xy-2}-x+2x\sqrt{xy-2}}$       m)  $y' = -\frac{y^2}{xy-2\sqrt{xy-1}}$       n)  $y' = \frac{-2xye^{x^2y}+1}{-2y+x^2e^{x^2y}}$

## Sample Problems - Solutions

1. Find the equation of the tangent line drawn to the graph of  $-3x^2 - 16xy - 2y^2 + 3y = 178$  at the point  $(-3, 5)$ .

Solution: We start with implicit differentiation. We first differentiate both sides: Then we solve for  $y'$ .

$$\begin{aligned} -3x^2 - 16xy - 2y^2 + 3y &= 178 \\ -6x - 16y - 16xy' - 4yy' + 3y' &= 0 \\ -16xy' - 4yy' + 3y' &= 6x + 16y \\ y'(-16x - 4y + 3) &= 6x + 16y \\ y' &= \frac{6x + 16y}{-16x - 4y + 3} \quad \text{compute } y' \text{ when } x = -3 \text{ and } y = 5 \\ y' &= \frac{6(-3) + 16(5)}{-16(-3) - 4(5) + 3} = 2 \end{aligned}$$

The line must pass through  $(-3, 5)$  and have slope 2.

$$\begin{aligned} y - 5 &= 2(x + 3) \\ y &= 2x + 6 + 5 = 2x + 11 \end{aligned}$$

Thus the answer is  $y = 2x + 11$ .

2. Consider the relation determined by the equation  $xy^2 - 5x = 2(y^2 + x^2y - 16)$ . Find an equation for all tangent line(s) drawn to the graph of the relation at  $x = 3$ .

Solution: We substitute  $x = 3$  into the equation and solve for  $y$ .

$$\begin{aligned} 3y^2 - 15 &= 2(y^2 + 9y - 16) \\ 3y^2 - 15 &= 2y^2 + 18y - 32 \\ y^2 - 18y + 17 &= 0 \\ (y - 17)(y - 1) &= 0 \quad \implies y_1 = 17 \quad y_2 = 1 \end{aligned}$$

Thus there are two points with tangent lines:  $(3, 17)$  and  $(3, 1)$ .

For the slope of each tangent lines, we differentiate both sides and solve for  $y'$ .

$$\begin{aligned} xy^2 - 5x &= 2(y^2 + x^2y - 16) \\ y^2 + x(2yy') - 5 &= 2(2yy' + 2xy + x^2y') \\ y^2 + 2xyy' - 5 &= 4yy' + 4xy + 2x^2y' \\ y^2 - 4xy - 5 &= 4yy' + 2x^2y' - 2xyy' \\ y^2 - 4xy - 5 &= y'(4y + 2x^2 - 2xy) \\ \frac{y^2 - 4xy - 5}{4y + 2x^2 - 2xy} &= y' \end{aligned}$$

The slope of the tangent line drawn to  $(3, 17)$

$$m_1 = \frac{y^2 - 4xy - 5}{4y + 2x^2 - 2xy} = \frac{17^2 - 4(3)(17) - 5}{4(17) + 2(3)^2 - 2(3)(17)} = \frac{80}{-16} = -5$$

We can easily find the equation of the line with slope  $-5$ , passing through  $(3, 17)$ ; it is  $y = -5x + 32$ . The other tangent line, passing through  $(3, 1)$  has slope

$$m_2 = \frac{y^2 - 4xy - 5}{4y + 2x^2 - 2xy} = \frac{1^2 - 4(3)(1) - 5}{4(1) + 2(3)^2 - 2(3)(1)} = \frac{-16}{16} = -1$$

Thus the slope is  $-1$  and the equation of this line is  $y = -x + 2$ .

3. If  $y = f(x)$  is a function, we define the curvature as

$$C(x) = \frac{|y''|}{(1 + (y')^2)^{3/2}}$$

Prove that if  $f(x) = \sqrt{r^2 - x^2}$  where  $r > 0$ , then the curvature is constant on the interval  $(-r, r)$ .  
Proof: Let us write  $y$  for  $f(x)$ . We can see that on  $(-r, r)$   $y$  is always positive and that  $x^2 + y^2 = r^2$

$$\begin{aligned} x^2 + y^2 &= r^2 && \text{differentiate both sides} \\ 2x + 2yy' &= 0 \\ x + yy' &= 0 && \implies y' = -\frac{x}{y} \end{aligned}$$

For the second derivative,  $y''$  we differentiate both sides of the statement  $x + yy' = 0$

$$\begin{aligned} x + yy' &= 0 \\ 1 + y'y' + yy'' &= 0 \\ 1 + (y')^2 + yy'' &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$y'' = \frac{-1 - (y')^2}{y} = \frac{-1 - \left(-\frac{x}{y}\right)^2}{y} = \frac{-1 - \frac{x^2}{y^2}}{y} = \frac{\frac{-y^2 - x^2}{y^2}}{y} = \frac{-x^2 - y^2}{y^3} = \frac{-r^2}{y^3}$$

Notice that since  $y$  is always positive,  $y'' = \frac{-r^2}{y^3}$  is always negative. Thus  $|y''| = -y''$ .

$$\begin{aligned} C(x) &= \frac{|y''|}{(1 + (y')^2)^{3/2}} = \frac{-y''}{(1 + (y')^2)^{3/2}} = \frac{\frac{r^2}{y^3}}{\left(1 + \left(-\frac{x}{y}\right)^2\right)^{3/2}} = \frac{\frac{r^2}{y^3}}{\left(1 + \frac{x^2}{y^2}\right)^{3/2}} \\ &= \frac{\frac{r^2}{y^3}}{\left(\frac{y^2 + x^2}{y^2}\right)^{3/2}} = \frac{\frac{r^2}{y^3}}{\left(\frac{r^2}{y^2}\right)^{3/2}} = \frac{\frac{r^2}{y^3}}{\frac{r^3}{y^3}} = \frac{1}{r} \end{aligned}$$

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